MBM-CARI-V

Black pepper cultivation on hedgerows and Gliricidia standards

Rationale

Black pepper (Piper nigrum), called as the king of spices is one of the oldest and best-known spice in the world. In India there are only few states like Kerala, Karnataka, Tamil Nadu and Andaman and Nicobar islands that produce black pepper. Though, Kerala ranks the first in its production, the Andaman Islands are known for its quality. The black pepper has earned a high market, local, national and international as well because of its wide use in pharmaceuticals, flavouring industries and household consumption as a spice. According to the State Tourism Department of A & N islands, around 2,00,000 tourists visit Andaman Islands annually, but they do not get spices as the local vendors purchase them from farmers and export to mainland India.

Farmers of the Andaman and Nicobar islands are organic growers of spices, including black pepper, by default as they do not provide fertilizer or compost to spice trees in their homegardens. Total of 29000 ha (25000 ha coconut + 4000 ha arecanut) of arable lands (50, 000 ha) in the islands are under plantation crops which provide suitable environment for the spice production. In addition 3000 ha sloppy lands are under vegetable cultivation. If one-fourth of the coconut and arecanut plantation and sloppy lands are utilized for organic cultivation of black pepper, it is estimated to produce 2020 MT annually. Two technologies are developed for black pepper cultivation which make the cultivation efficient. They are described below:

Design of double hedgerows technology of black pepper cultivation

 Gliricidia (stem cutting) plant to plant distance in a : 0.50m hedgerow

2. The hedgerow to hedgerow distance in double hedgerows: 1m

3. Double hedgerow to double hedgerow distance : 6m or more

Investment

SI. No.	Activities	No.ha ⁻¹	Rate (Rs.)	Amount Rs.ha ⁻¹	
I Year					
1.	Stem cutting of Gliricidia	2600	3per cutting	7800	

SI. No.	Activities	No.ha ⁻¹	Rate (Rs.)	Amount Rs.ha ⁻¹
2.	Black pepper seedlings	2600	2per seedling	5200
3.	Bordeaux mixture (1%)	_	-	5000
4.	Labour			
	Pit making and planting stem cutting	50	130per day per labour	6500
	Pruning of hedgerows	80	- do -	10,400
	Bordeaux spraying	10	- do -	1300
	Total			36,200
II Ye	ear			
1.	Labour for pruning of hedgerows	80	130per day per labour	10,400
2.	Labour for Bordeaux spraying	10	- do -	1300
3.	Bordeaux (1%)	-	-	5000
	Total			16,700
III Y	/ear			
1.	Labour for pruning of hedgerows	40	130per day per labour	5200
2.	Labour for Bordeaux spraying	10	- do -	1300
3.	Bordeaux (1%)	-	-	5000
	Total			11,500
IV Y	ear			
1.	Labour for pruning of hedgerows	10	130per day per labour	1300
2.	Labour for Bordeaux spraying	10	- do -	1300
3.	Bordeaux (1%)	-	-	5000
	Total			7,600
V Ye	ar			
1.	Labour for pruning of hedgerows	10	130per day per labour	1300
2.	Labour for Bordeaux spraying	10	- do -	1300
3.	Bordeaux (1%)	-	-	5000
	Total			7,600

SI. No.	Activities	No.ha ⁻¹	Rate (Rs.)	Amount Rs.ha ⁻¹				
VI y	ear to XX							
1.	Labour for pruning of hedgerows	10	130per day per labour	1300				
2.	Labour for Bordeaux spraying	10	-do-	1300				
3.	Bordeaux (1%)	-	-	5000				
	Total							

Production (t ha⁻¹) of different crops in double hedgerows technology of black pepper cultivation

Year									
Crop	I	II	III	IV	V	VI-XX	Rate Rs.kg ⁻¹		
Black pepper	0	0	0.15	1.67	1.90	1.90	150		
Maize	5.0	2.8	2.4	2.23	2.23	2.23	8		
Okra	3.43	3.09	3.02	3.0	3.0	3.0	15		

Economics of black pepper cultivation on double hedgerows of *Gliricidia*Values are Rs.ha⁻¹

	Year									
Crop	I	II	III	IV	V	VI-XX				
Black pepper										
Total out put	36,200	16,700	11,500	7,600	7,600	7,600				
Input	0	0	22,500	2,50,500	2,85,000	2,85,000				
Net income	-36,200	-16,700	-11,000	+2,42,900	+2,77,400	+2,77,400				
Maize										
Total out put	40,000	22,400	-	-	-	-				
Input	17,386	17,237	-	-	-	-				
Net income	+22,614	+5,163	-	-	-	-				
Okra										
Total out put	51,450	46,350	45,300	45,000	45,000	45,000				
Input	26,626	26,520	31,229	31,330	31,800	31,800				
Net income	+24,824	+19,830	+14,071	+13,670	+13,200	+13,200				
Total Net	+11,238	+8,293	+3,071	+2,56,570	+2,90,600	+2,90,600				
income Rs. ha ⁻¹										

Inputs for maize and Okra included cost of seeds and fertilizes; tilth preparation, labour for seed sowing, weeding, fertilizer application, harvesting and post harvest operations. Maize cultivation should be dropped from $3^{\rm rd}$ year onward as the productivity is reduced and it becomes uneconomical.

Design of black pepper cultivation on *Gliricidia* standards in homegarden/coconut plantation

Design	
Coconut	7.5 m x 7.5 m spacing
Gliricidia stem cutting	$7.5 \mathrm{m}\mathrm{x}7.5 \mathrm{m}\mathrm{spacing},7.5\mathrm{x}3.75\mathrm{m}$
(1m length; 5cm dia)	
Black pepper	Panniyur-5

Investment

SI. No.	Activities	No. ha ⁻¹	Rs. Rate	Amount (Rs.ha ⁻¹)
ΙY	ear			
1.	No. of <i>Gliricidia</i> stem cutting 7.5 x7.5 = 177 7.5 x 3.75 = 355 Total = 532	532	3per cutting	1,596
2.	Black pepper seedling	532	Rs.2 per seedling	1,064
3.	Bordeaux (1%)	-	-	5,000
4.	Labour	100	130 per labour per day	13,000
	Total			20,660
ΙΙΥ	/ ear			
1.	Labour for pruning of <i>Gliricidia</i> standards	50	do	6,500
2.	Bordeaux	-	-	5,000
	Total			11,500
III	Year			
1.	Labour for pruning of <i>Gliricidia</i> standards	30	Do	3,900
2.	Bordeaux	-	-	5,000
	Total			8, 900

	Activities	No.	Rs. Rate	Amount				
No.		ha⁻¹		(Rs.ha ⁻¹)				
IV Year								
1.	Labour for pruning of Gliricidia	30	Do	3,900				
	standards							
2.	Bordeaux	-	-	5,000				
	Total			8, 900				
VY	ear							
1.	Labour for pruning of Gliricidia	30	Do	3,900				
	standards							
2.	Bordeaux	-	-	5,000				
	Total			8,900				
VI-	XX Year							
1.	Labour for pruning of Gliricidia	30	Do	3,900				
	standards							
2.	Bordeaux	-	-	5,000				
	Total			8,900				

Black pepper production (t ha⁻¹) on *Gliricidia* standards

Year								
Crop	I	II	III	IV	V	VI-XX	Rate Rs.kg ⁻¹	
Black pepper	0	0	0.05	0.5	1.06	1.06	150	

Economics of black pepper cultivation on *Gliricidia* **standards**

Year										
Crop	I	II	III	IV	V	VI-XX				
Black pepper										
Total out put	0	0	7,500	75,000	1,59,000	1,59,000				
Input	20,660	11,500	8,900	8,900	8,900	8,900				
Net income	-20,660	-11,500	-1,400	+66,100	+1,50,100	+1,50,100				
per annum										
Cumulative income	-20,660	-32,160	-33,560	+32,540	+1,82,640	+3,32,740				

^{*} Thus by fourth year, the expenditure is recovered back.